

# **Northumberland ALC Model Code Of Conduct For Local Councils**

## **Introduction**

Pursuant to section 27 of the Localism Act 2011, at the Annual Meeting of the Council held on 8<sup>th</sup> May 2019 **Prudhoe Town Council** ('the Council') agreed to adopt this Code of Conduct to promote and maintain high standards of behaviour by its members, including co-opted members, whenever they conduct the business of the Council, including the business of the office to which they were elected or appointed, or when they claim to act or give the impression of acting as a representative of the Council.

This Code of Conduct is based on the principles of selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty, and leadership.

## **Definitions**

For the purposes of this Code, a 'co-opted member' is a person who is not a member of the Council but who is either a member of any committee or sub-committee of the Council, or a member of, and represents the Council on any joint committee or joint sub-committee of the Council, and who is entitled to vote on any question that falls to be decided at any meeting of that committee or sub-committee.

For the purposes of this Code, a 'meeting' is a meeting of the Council, any of its committees, sub-committees, joint committees or joint sub-committees.

For the purposes of this Code, and unless otherwise expressed, a reference to a member of the Council includes a co-opted member of the Council.

## **Member obligations**

When a member of the Council acts, claims to act or gives the impression of acting as a representative of the Council, they have the following obligations.

1. They shall behave in such a way that a reasonable person would regard as respectful.
2. They shall not act in a way which a reasonable person would regard as bullying or intimidatory.
3. They shall not behave in a manner which a reasonable person would regard as likely to bring the Council, or their office as a member of the Council, into disrepute.
4. They shall not seek improperly to confer an advantage or disadvantage on any person.
5. They shall use the resources of the Council in accordance with its requirements.
6. They shall not disclose information which is confidential or where disclosure is prohibited by law.

**Registration of interests**

7. Within 28 days of this Code being adopted by the Council, or the member's election or the co-opted member's appointment (where that is later), they shall register with the Monitoring Officer the interests which fall within the categories set out in Appendices A and B.
8. Upon the re-election of a member or the re-appointment of a co-opted member, they shall within 28 days re-register with the Monitoring Officer any interests in Appendices A and B.
9. A member shall register with the Monitoring Officer any change to interests or new interests in Appendices A and B within 28 days of becoming aware of it.
10. A member need only register the existence but not the details of any interest which the Monitoring Officer agrees is a 'sensitive interest'. A sensitive interest is one which, if disclosed on a public register, could lead the member or a person connected with the member to be subject to violence or intimidation.

**Declaration of interests at meetings**

11. Where a matter arises at a meeting which relates to an interest in Appendix A the member shall:
  - (i) declare what their interest is;
  - (ii) not participate in a discussion or vote on the matter;
  - (iii) leave the room while the matter is discussed and voted upon.
12. Subject to paragraph 11, where a matter arises at a meeting which relates to an interest in Appendix A which is a sensitive interest, the member shall disclose they have an interest but not the nature of it.
13. Where a matter arises at a meeting which relates to an interest in Appendix B, the member:
  - a. shall declare what their interest is
  - b. may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting
  - c. shall not vote on the matter.
14. Subject to paragraph 13, where a matter arises at a meeting which relates to an interest in Appendix B which is a sensitive interest, the member shall disclose they have an interest but not the nature of it.

15. Where a matter arises at a meeting which relates to a financial interest of a friend, relative or close associate (other than an interest in Appendix A), the member:
  - a. shall disclose the nature of the interest
  - b. may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting
  - c. shall not vote on the matter.

If it is a 'sensitive interest' the member shall declare the interest but not the nature of the interest.

16. If a Council function can be discharged by the member acting alone, and they are aware that they have an interest in Appendices A or B, they shall not deal with that matter except to enable the matter to be dealt with by someone else.

### **Dispensations**

17. On a written request made to the Council's clerk, the Council may grant a member a dispensation to participate in a discussion and vote on a matter at a meeting even if they have an interest in Appendices A and B if the Council believes that:
  - a. the number of members otherwise prohibited from taking part in the meeting would impede the transaction of the business
  - b. it is in the interests of the inhabitants in the Council's area to allow the member to take part or
  - c. it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.

### **Promotion and maintenance of standards**

18. A member shall:
  - a. familiarise themselves with the Council's Code of Conduct and any other policies or standing orders of the Council which relate to members' conduct
  - b. support the Council in the promotion of high standards, and in ensuring access by the public to the Council's records regarding the registration and declarations of members' interests.
  - c. ensure that the Council seeks guidance as appropriate, from the Council's Monitoring Officer, before it makes any material alterations to its Code of Conduct or to any other policies or standing orders of the Council which relate to members' conduct.

## Appendix A: Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

Interests defined by regulations made under section 30(3) of the Localism Act 2011 and described in the table below. They include interests which are held by: the member; their spouse or civil partner; a person with whom they are living as husband and wife; or a person with whom they are living as if they are civil partners, and the member is aware that the other person has the interest.

<b>Subject</b>	<b>Description</b>
Employment, office, profession or vocation	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the Council) made to the member during the 12-month period ending on the latest date referred to in paragraph 6 above for expenses incurred by him/her in carrying out their duties as a member, or towards their election expenses.
	This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.
Contracts	Any contract made between the member or between their spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the member is living as if they were spouses/civil partners (or a body in which such a person is a partner in a firm, a director of an incorporated body or holds the beneficial interest in securities*) and the Council —
	(a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and
	(b) which has not been fully discharged.
Land	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the Council.
Licences	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the relevant authority for a month or longer.
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to the member's knowledge)—
	(a) the landlord is the Council; and
	(b) the tenant is a body in which the member, or their spouse or civil partner/ the person with whom the member is living as if they were spouses/civil partners has a beneficial interest.
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where—
	(a) that body (to the member's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the Council; and
	(b) either—
	(i) the total nominal value of the securities* exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or
	(ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

\*'Securities' means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

## Appendix B

An interest which relates to or is likely to affect:

- (i) any body of which the member is in a position of general control or management and to which they are appointed or nominated by the Council;
- (ii) any body—
  - (a) exercising functions of a public nature;
  - (b) directed to charitable purposes; or
  - (c) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union) of which the member of the Council is a member or in a position of general control or management;
- (iii) any person from whom the member has received within the previous three years gifts or hospitality worth more than an estimated value of £50 which the member has received by virtue of his or her office.